

The Cosmic battery and the Inner Edge of the Accretion Disk

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Outline

- Measuring black hole spin
- Black hole accretion and outflows
- The Cosmic Battery
- Accumulated magnetic flux

Measuring stellar diameters

We take a spectrum



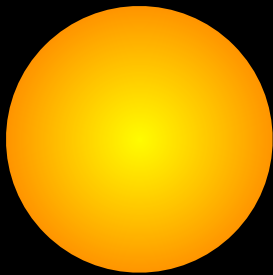
Temperature

We measure the apparent luminosity



Actual luminosity

→ Surface area (diameter)



Measuring black hole spin

We take a spectrum



Accretion disk model

We measure the apparent luminosity



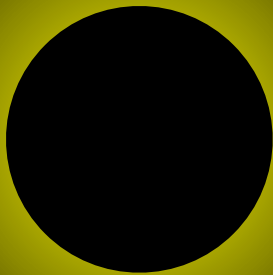
Actual luminosity



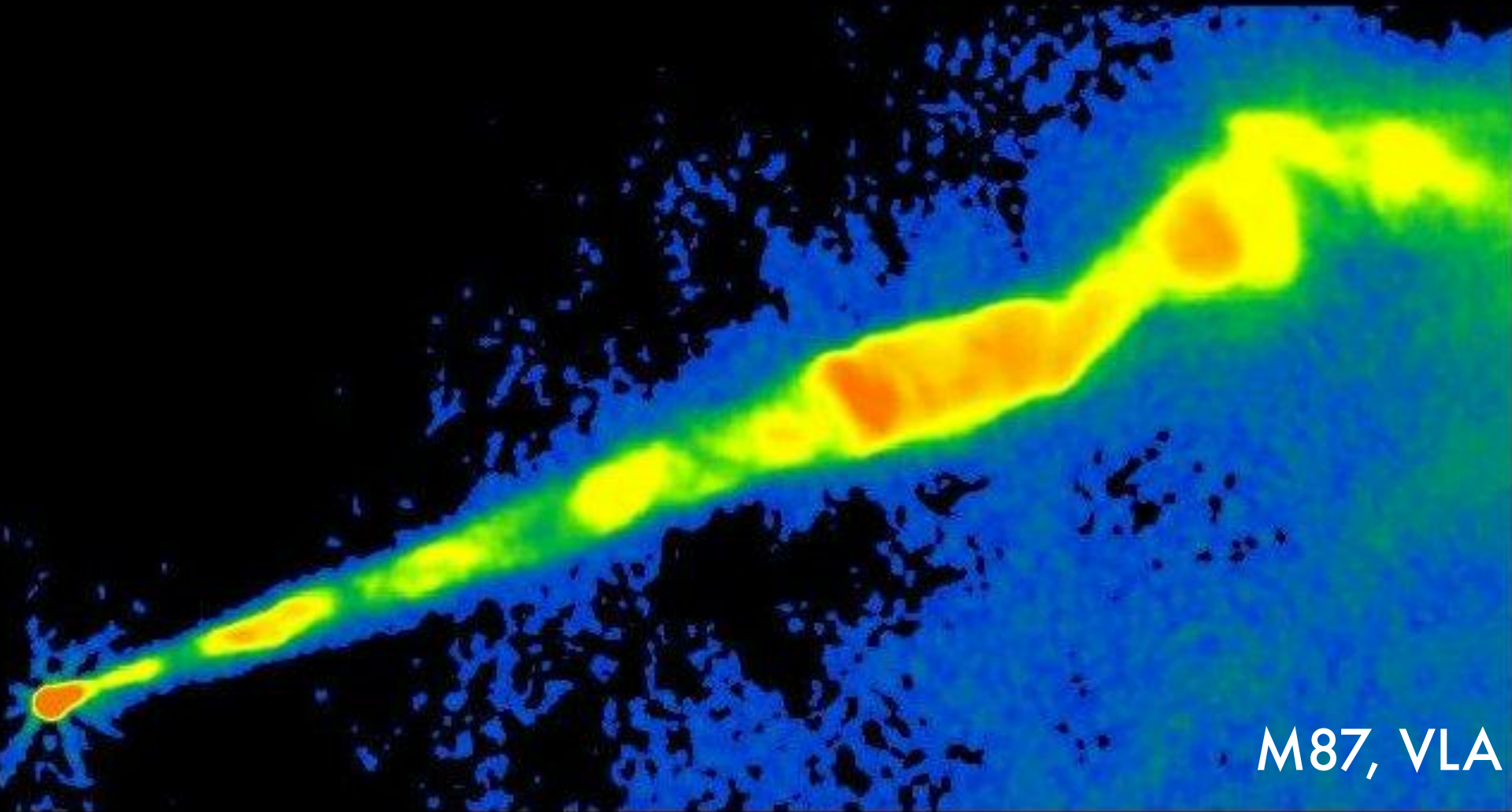
Hole diameter



ISCO (black hole spin)



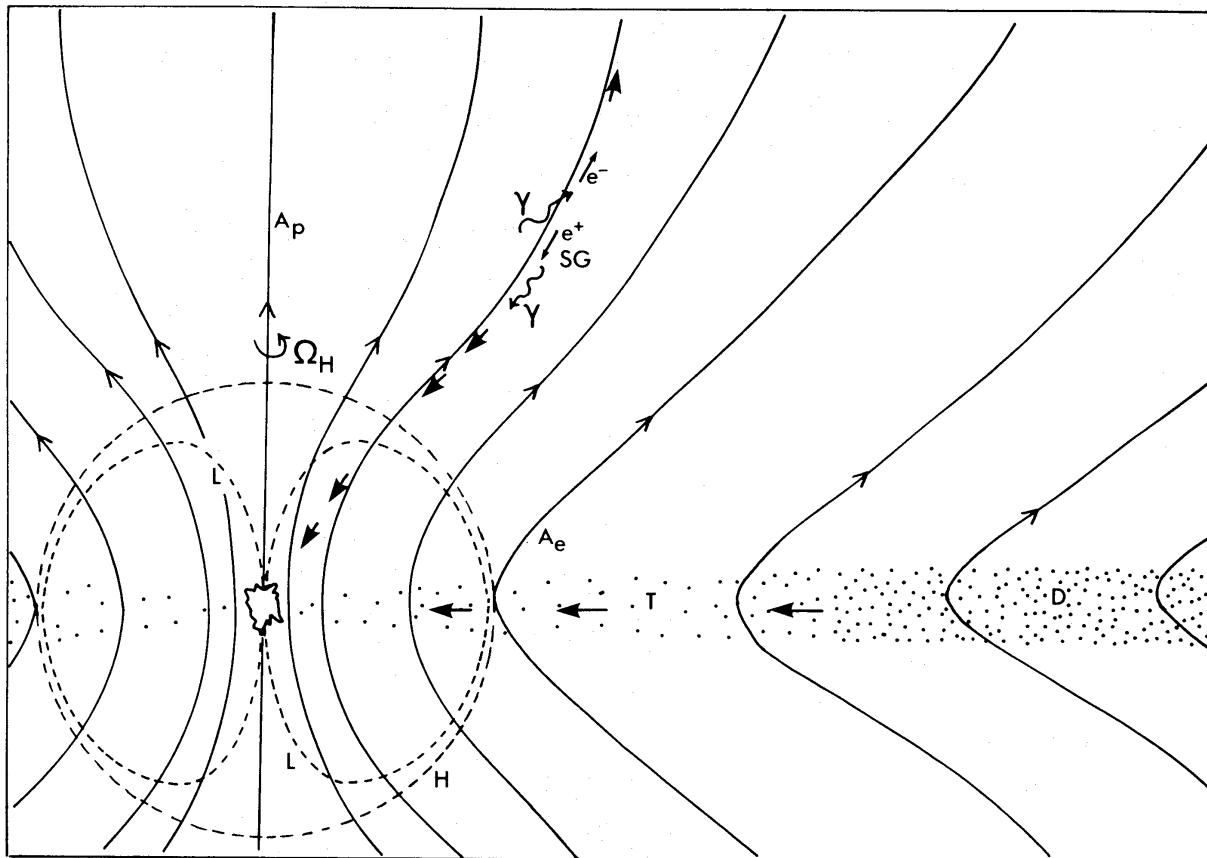
Black hole accretion and outflows



M87, VLA

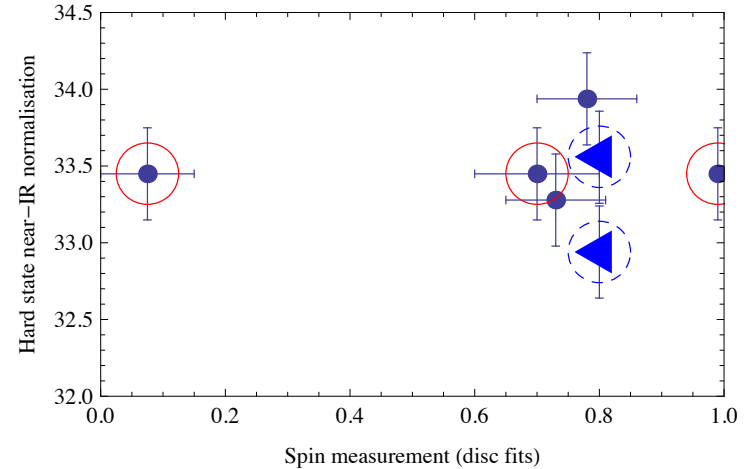
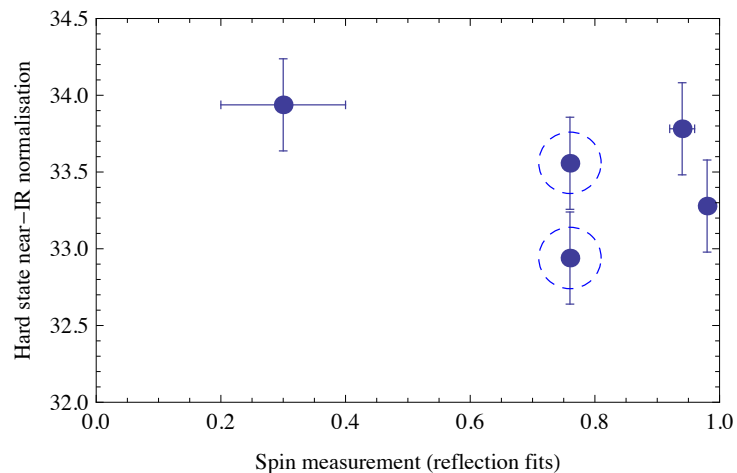
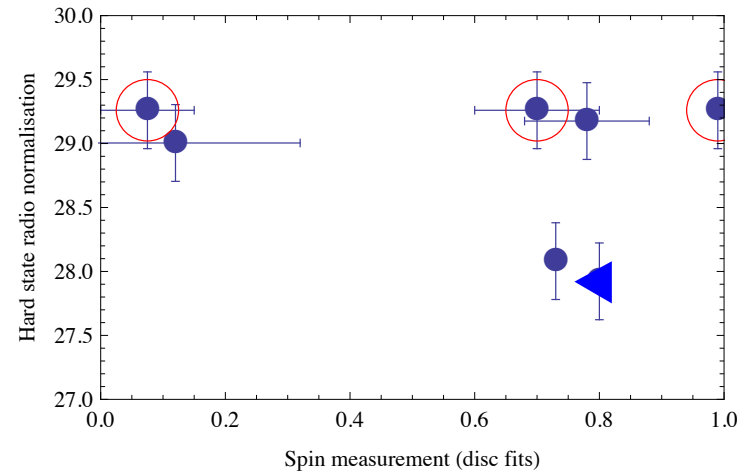
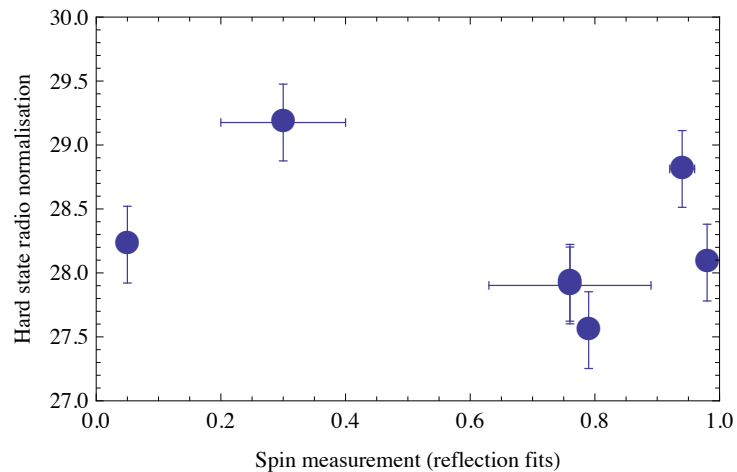
Black hole accretion and outflows

$$\mathcal{E}_{EM} \propto \Omega_H^2 \Psi_m^2$$



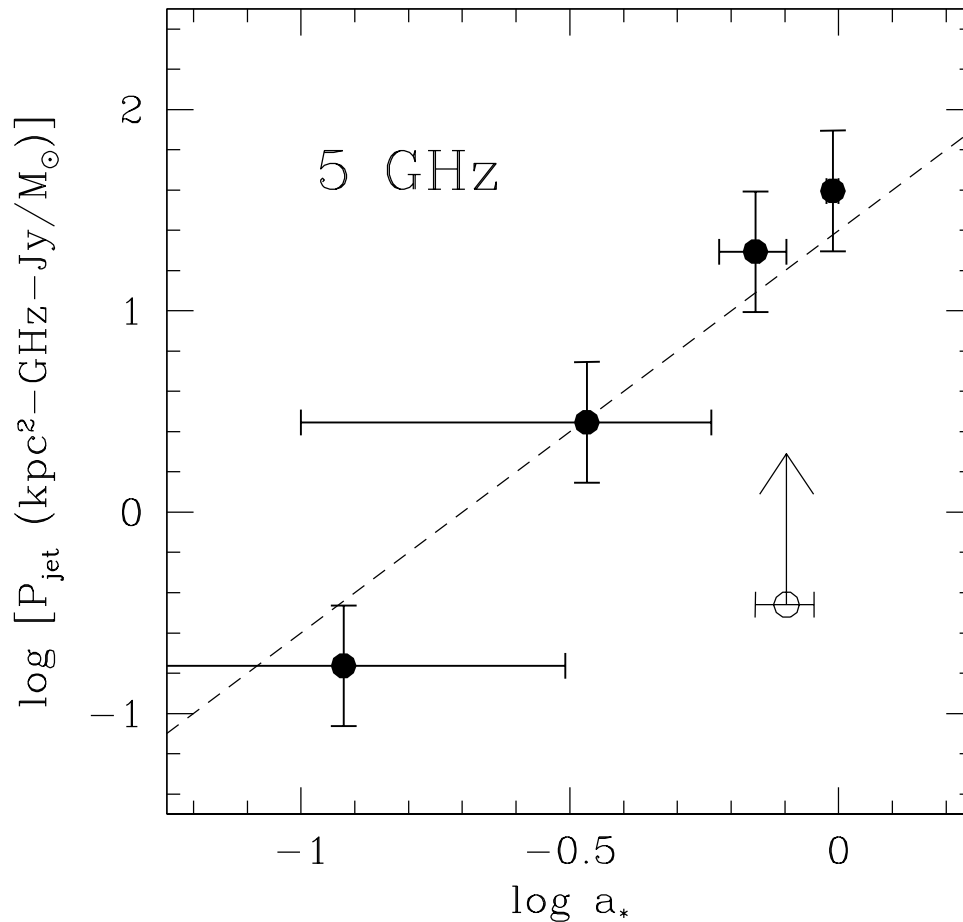
Blandford, Znajek 1977

Black hole accretion and outflows

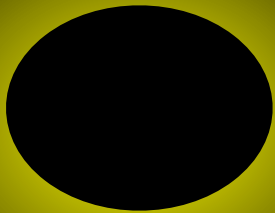


Fender, Gallo, Russell 2010

Black hole accretion and outflows



Black hole accretion and outflows



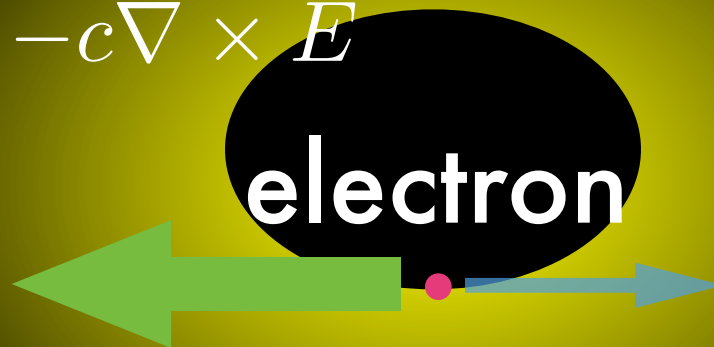
Accumulated magnetic flux

Inner edge of the disk

The Cosmic Battery

$$\nabla \times B = \frac{4\pi}{c} J \quad -eE + F_{PR} = m_e \frac{dv_e}{dt}$$

$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -c \nabla \times E \quad eE = m_p \frac{dv_p}{dt}$$



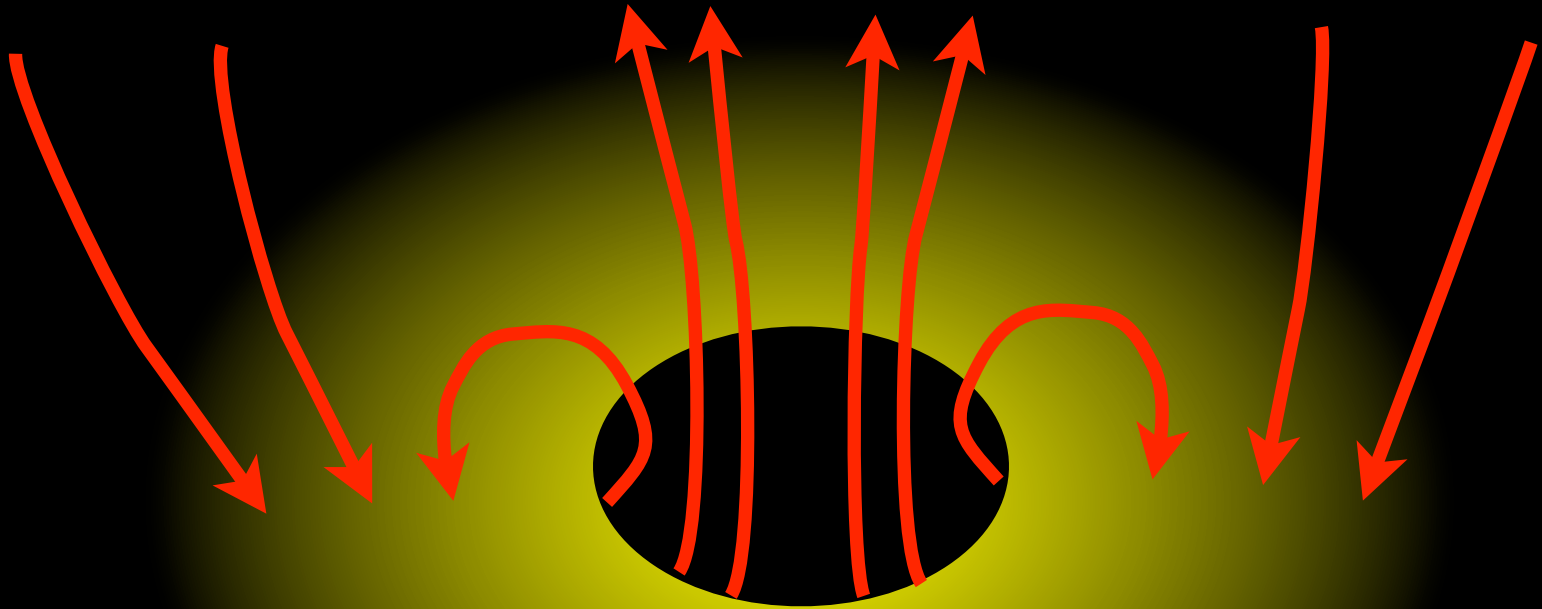
$$F_{PR} = -\frac{L\sigma_T}{4\pi r^2 c} \frac{v_\phi}{c}$$

The Cosmic Battery



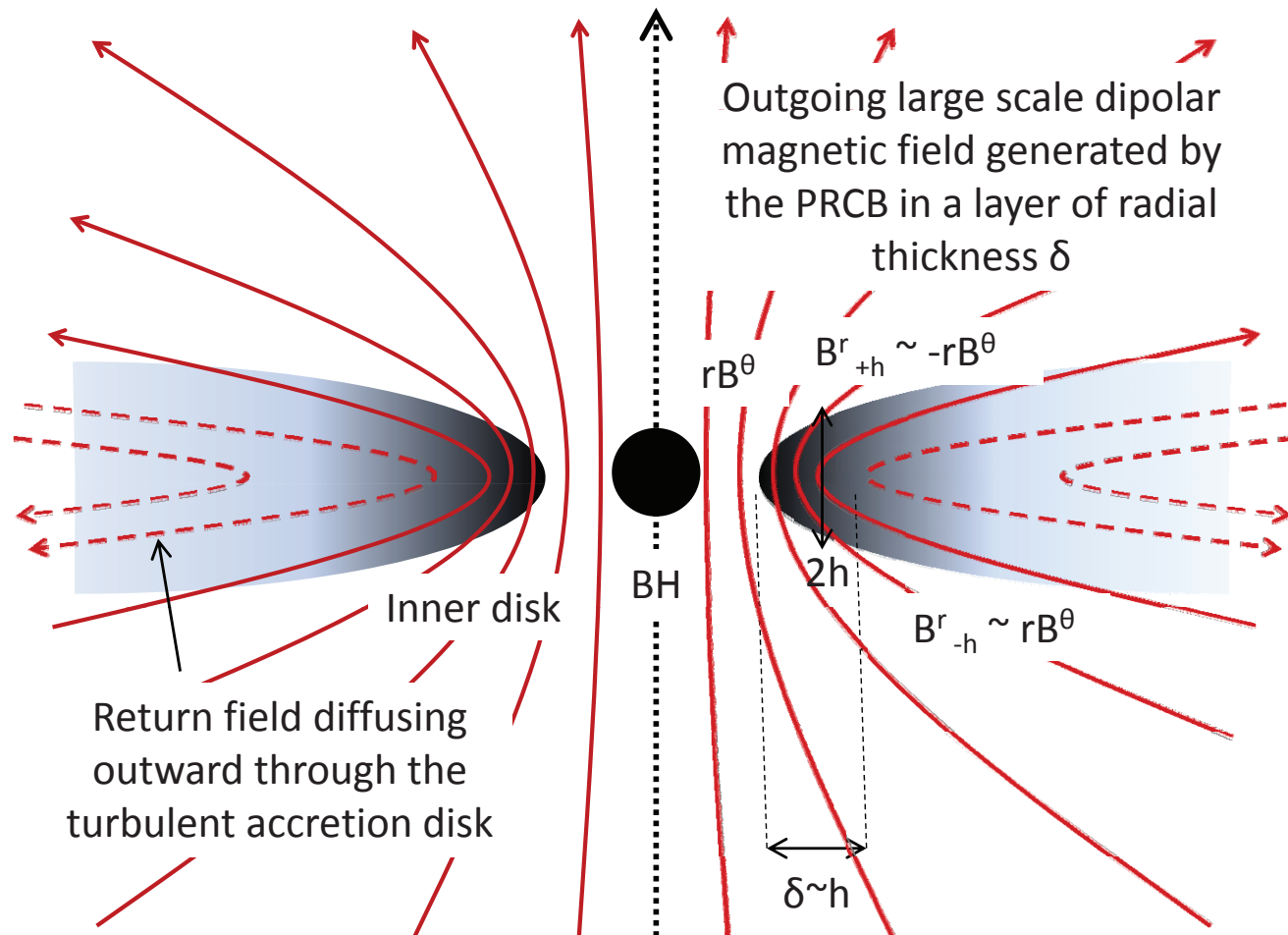
$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -c \nabla \times (\dots + F_{PR}/e)$$

The Cosmic Battery



$$\frac{\partial B}{\partial t} = -c \nabla \times (\dots + F_{PR}/e)$$

Accumulated Magnetic Field



Accumulated Magnetic Field

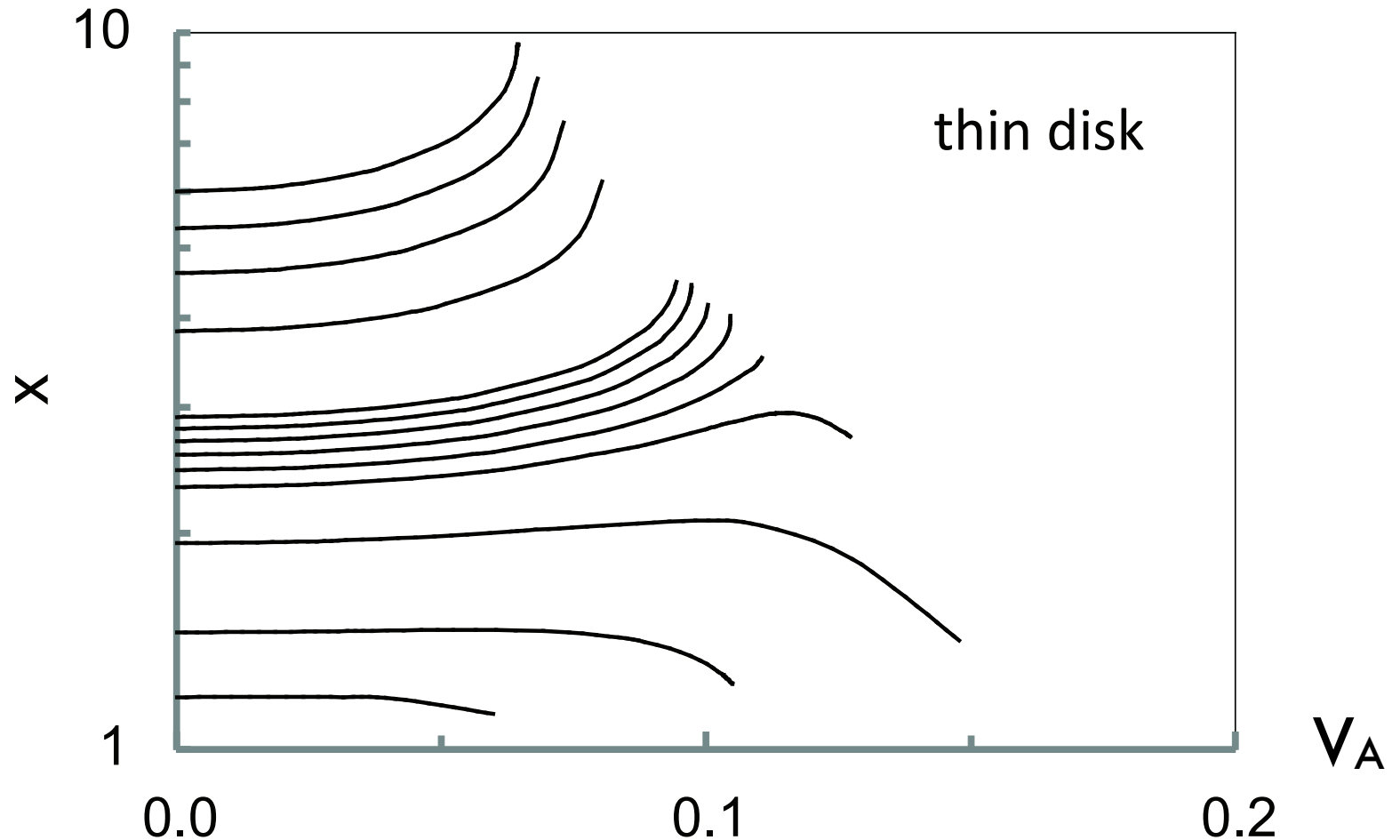
$$\mathcal{F}(x, \tilde{l}; \lambda, v_A^2 x_{\text{ISCO}}) = 0, \quad \text{and}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \mathcal{F}(x, \tilde{l}; \lambda, v_A^2 x_{\text{ISCO}}) = 0,$$

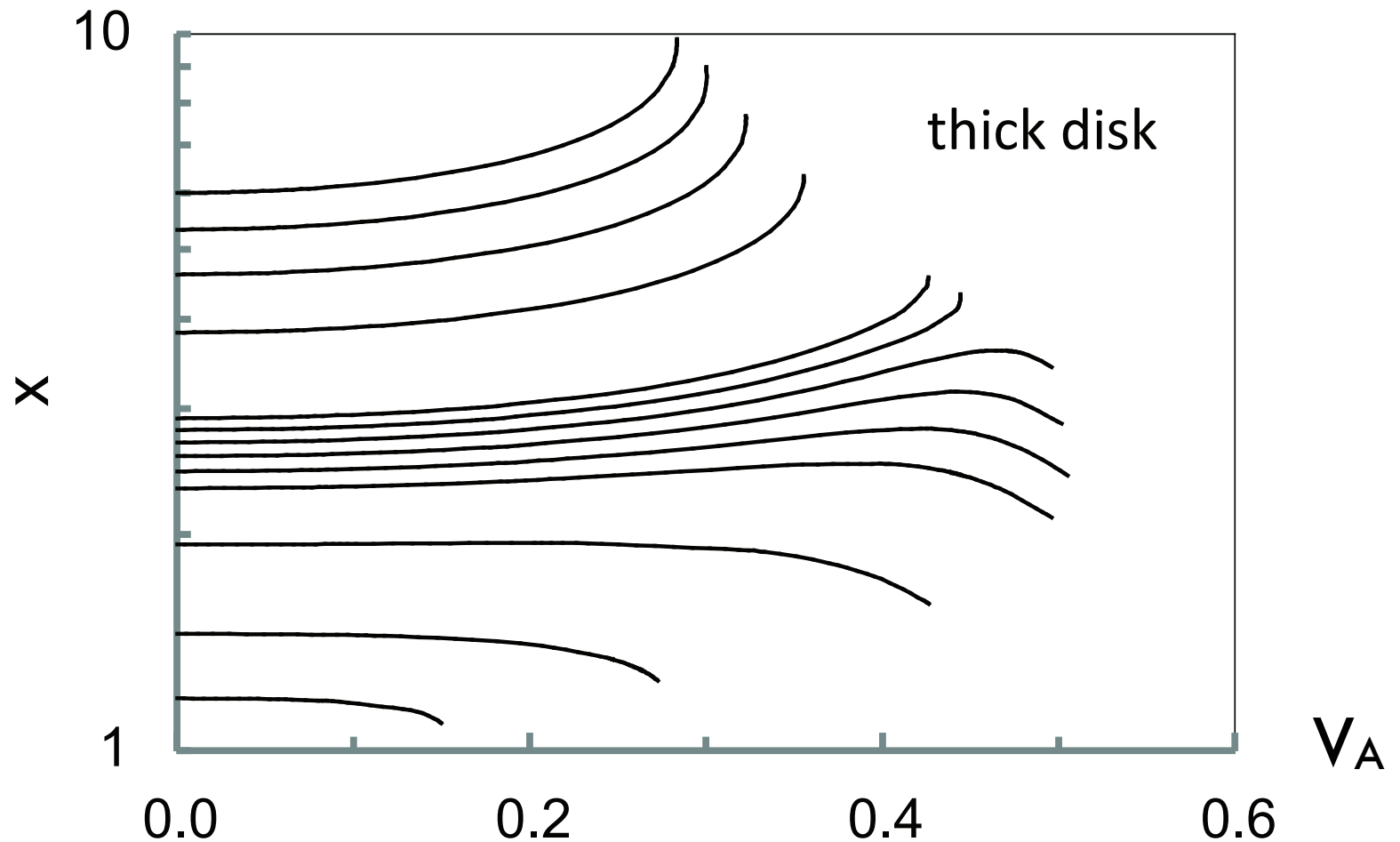
where,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F}(x, \tilde{l}; \lambda, v_A^2 x_{\text{ISCO}}) \equiv & \left(1 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^2 \frac{\tilde{l}^2}{x^3} - \frac{1}{x^2} \\ & + \frac{v_A^2 x_{\text{ISCO}}}{x^2} \left\{ (2\lambda - 1) \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right) \right. \\ & \left. - \frac{\tilde{l}^2}{x^2} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x}\right) \left(2\lambda - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{2\lambda - 3}{x}\right) \right\} \left[1 - \frac{\tilde{l}^2}{x^2} \left(1 - \frac{2}{x}\right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

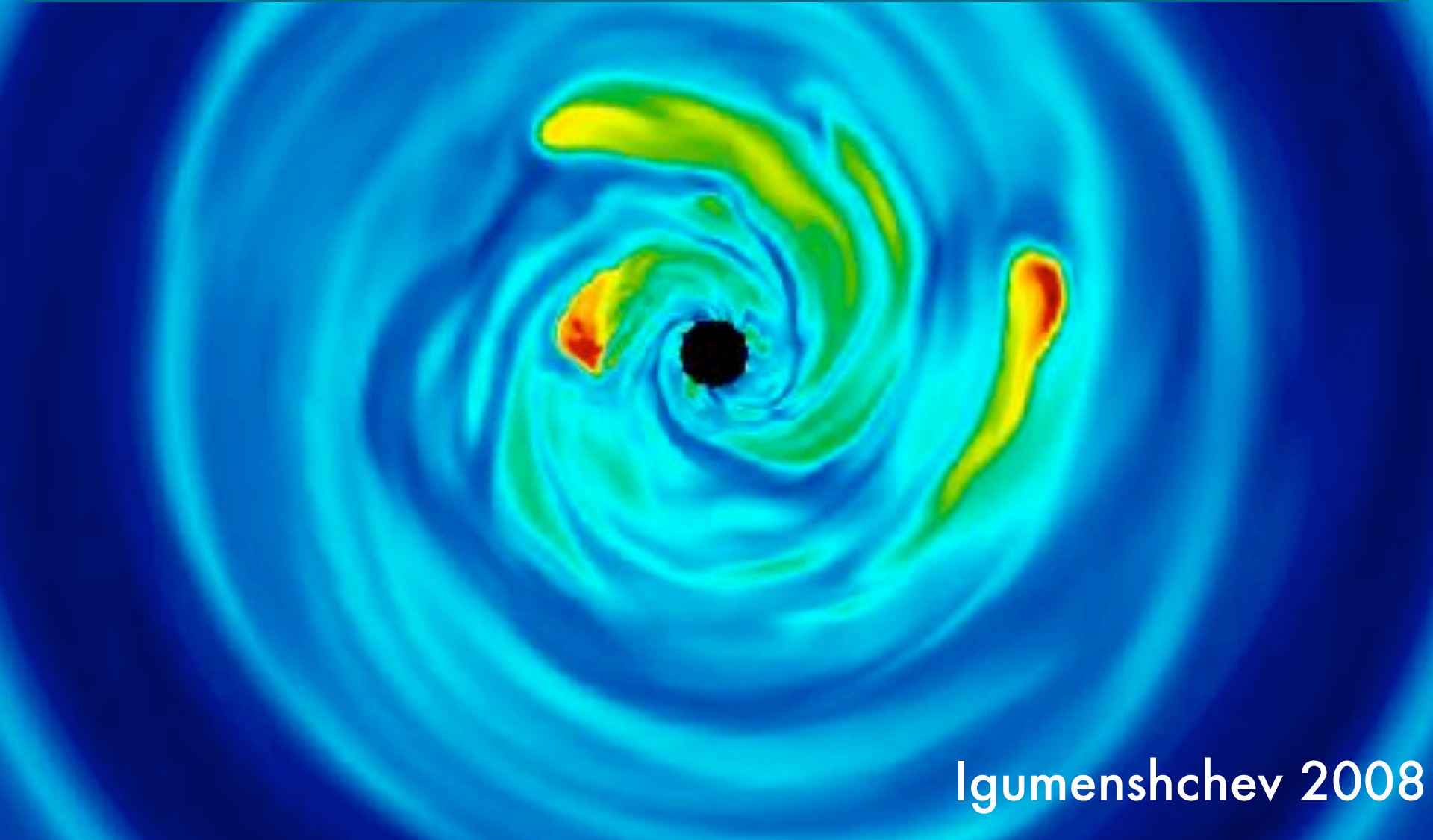
Accumulated Magnetic Field



Accumulated Magnetic Field

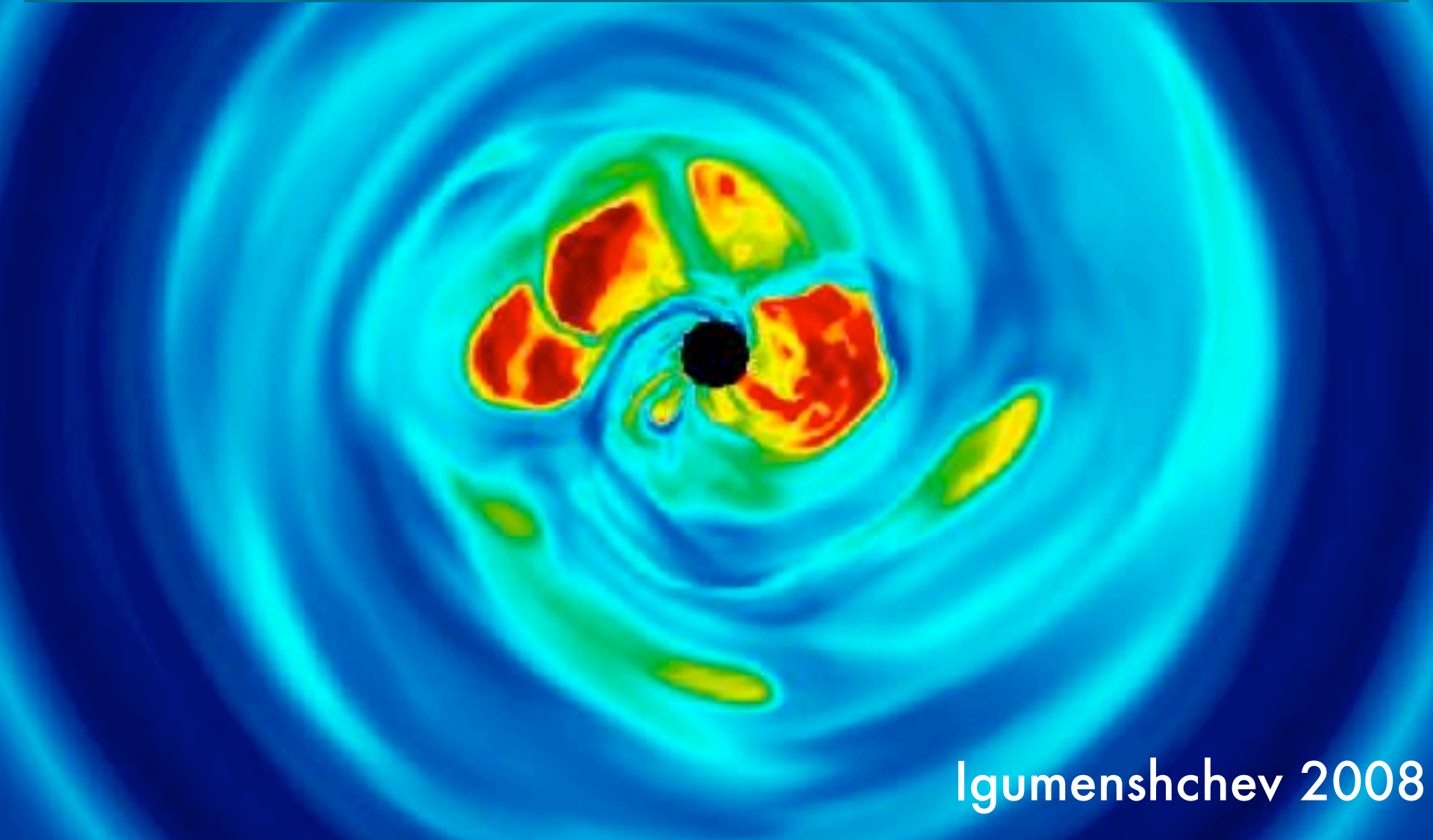


Accumulated Magnetic Field



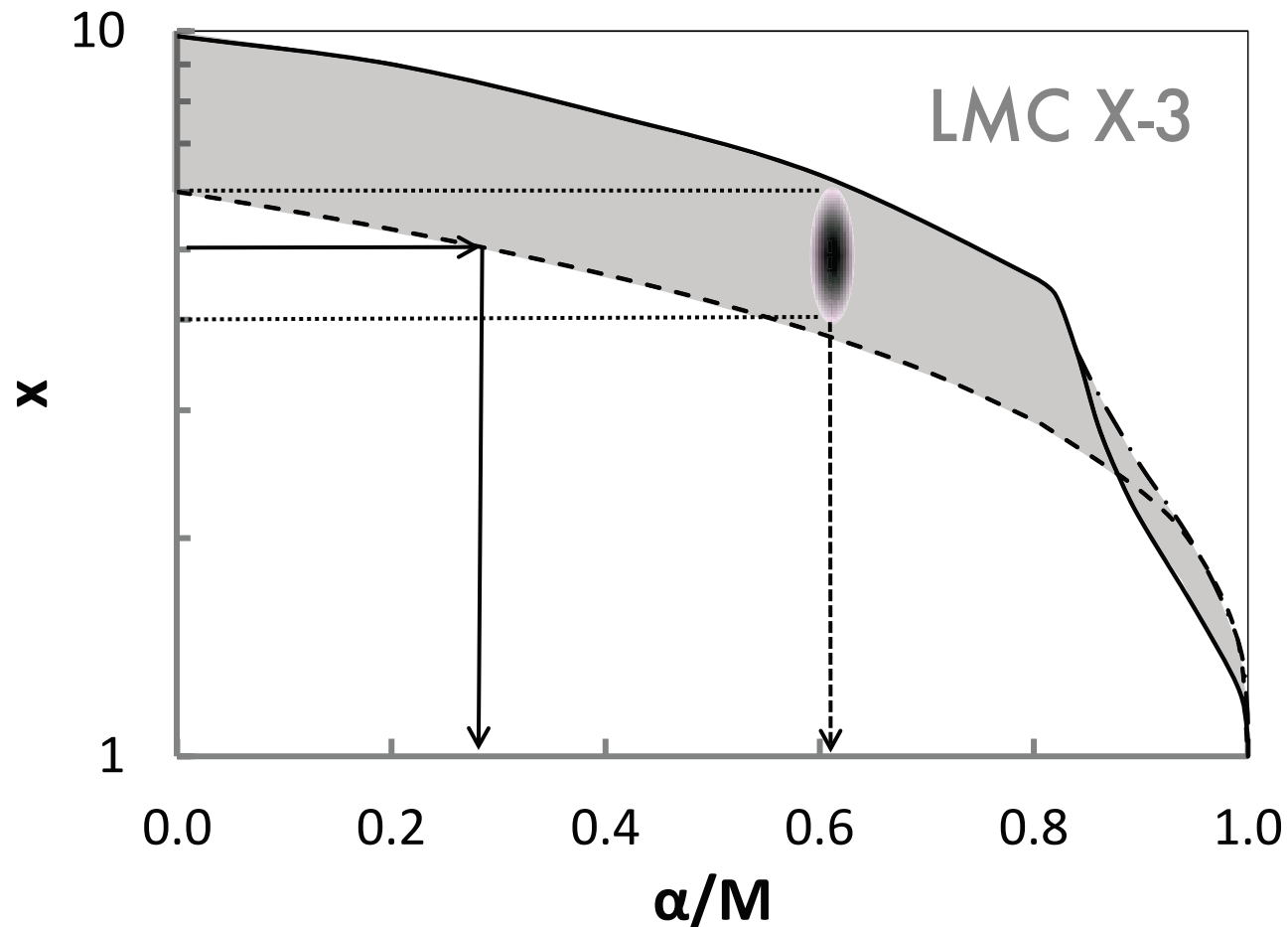
Igumenshchev 2008

Accumulated Magnetic Field



Igumenshchev 2008

Accumulated Magnetic Field



Magnetic Field: the extra parameter

